## **IV SEMESTER**

S.			
No.	Course code	Course Title	Credit load
1	PBG 201	Fundamentals of Genetics	2+1
2	AEX 201	Communication Skills and Personality Development	1+1
3	STA 211	Statistical Methods	1+1
4	PAT 202	Principles of integrated plant disease management	1+1
5	AEN 202	Management of beneficial and harmful insects	2+1
6	AGR 203	Crop Production Technology – II ( <i>Rabi</i> crops)	1+1
7	AGR 204	Farming System & Sustainable Agriculture	1+1
8	SAC 202	Problematic soils and their management	2+0
9	HOR 212	Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAP and Landscaping	1+1
10	ANM 201	Introductory Nematology	0+1
11	NST 201	Fundamentals and Applications of nanotechnology	1+0
12	ERG 211	Renewable Energy and green technology	1+1
12	NSS/NCC 101	NSS/NCC	0+1*
13	PED 101	Physical Education	0+1*
		Total	14+10=24
		*Non-gradial courses compulsory courses	

## PBG 201. Fundamentals of Genetics (2+1)

#### **THEORY**

## **Unit I: Cytology**

Definition of genetics, heredity, inheritance, cytology, cytogenetics; Brief history of developments in genetics and cytogenetics. Physical basis of heredity. Structure and function of cell and cell organelles — Differences between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes. Cell division — mitosis- meiosis and their significance - Gametogenesis and syngamy in Plants- identical and fraternal twins. Chromosome structure, chemical composition, nucleosome, centromere, telomere, euchromatin, heterochromatin, NOR, satellite chromosome, karyotype, ideogram. Types of chromosomes based on position of centromere, based on structure and function: normal and special chromosomes - polytene, lampbrush, Bchromosomes, ring and isochromosomes. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome structure — deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation — genetic and cytological implications. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome number — euploid, aneuploid, types of aneuploids and their origin; Klinefelter syndrome and Turner syndrome; Polyploid - auto and allopolyploids, their characters; meaning of genome; evolution of wheat, triticale, cotton, tobacco, *Brassica* 

#### Unit II: Mendelian laws and modifications of Mendelian laws

Pre-Mendelian ideas about heredity – Vapour and fluid theory, Magnetic power theory, Preformation theory, Lamarck's theory, Darwin's theory, Germplasm theory and Mutation theory. Mendel's experiments and laws of inheritance. Rediscovery of Mendel's work. Terminologies: gene, allele, locus, homozygous, heterozygous, hemizygous, genotype, phenotype, monohybrid, dihybrid, trihybrid, polyhybrid. Chromosomal theory of inheritance. Allelic interactions – Dominance vs recessive, complete dominance, codominance, incomplete dominance, threshold characters. Deviation from Mendelian inheritance – Non allelic interaction without modification in Mendelian ratio – Bateson and Punnett's experiment on fowl comb shape. Non allelic interaction with modification in Mendelian ratio – i.) Dominant epistasis (12:3:1). ii.) Recessive epistasis (9:3:4) iii.) Duplicate and additive epistasis (9:6:1). iv.) Duplicate dominant epistasis (15:1). v) Duplicate recessive epistasis (9:7) vi.) Dominant and recessive epistasis (13:3); Summary of epistatic ratios (i)to (vi). Lethal genes, Pleiotrophy, penetrance and expressivity, Multiple alleles, blood group in human, coat colour in rabbits, self incompatibility in plants; pseudo alleles, isoalleles.

## Unit III: Quantitative inheritance, Linkage and Crossing over

Quantitative inheritance — Multiple factor hypothesis — Nilsson Ehle experiment on wheat kernel colour.Polygenes — transgressive segregation, comparison of quantitatively and qualitatively inherited characters; modifiers; Linkage - coupling and repulsion; Experiment on Bateson and Punnet. Chromosomal theory of linkage of Morgan — Complete and incomplete linkage—Linkage group.Crossing over — significance of crossing over; cytological proof for crossing over - Stern's experiment - Factors controlling crossing over.Strength of linkage and recombination; Two point and three point test cross.Double cross over, interference and coincidence; genetic map, physical map.

## Unit IV: Sex determination, sex linkage and cytoplasmic inheritance

Sex determination: Autosomes and sex chromosomes - chromosomal theory of sex determination - different types — sex determination in human, fowl, butterfly, grasshopper, honey bee, fumea; Sex determination in plants — *Melandrium*, papaya, maize.Genic balance theory of Bridges — Gynandromorphs.Sex linked inheritance — criss cross inheritance — reciprocal difference; holandric genes; sex influenced and sex limited inheritance — Genetic disorders.Cytoplasmic inheritance and maternal effects — features of cytoplasmic inheritance, chloroplast, mitochondrial - plastid colour in *Mirabilis jalapa* - cytoplasmic male sterility in maize, kappa particles of paramecium

## Unit V: Modern concept of genetics and mutation

DNA, the genetic material – Griffith's experiment, Avery, McCleod and McCarthy Experiment – confirmation by Hershey and Chase; RNA as genetic material – Frankel, Conrat and Singer experiment. Structure of DNA – Watson and Crick model. Proof for semi conservative method of DNA replication; Models of DNA replication; steps involved in DNA replication. RNA types - mRNA, tRNA, rRNA. Protein synthesis - Regulation of gene expression – Operon model of Jacob and Monad – Lac and Trp operons. Cistron, muton and recon. Mutation – characteristics of mutation – micro and macro mutation – ClB technique - molecular basis of mutation-Transition and transversion; major physical and chemical mutagens.

## **PRACTICAL**

Study of microscopes – Preparation of fixatives and stains – pre treatment of materials for mitosis and meiosis – study of mitosis and meiosis. Study of genetic ratios of – monohybrid, dihybrid – incomplete dominance. Gene interaction - multiple alleles and multiple factors. Study of linkage, Estimation of strength of linkage and recombination frequency in three point test cross data and F<sub>2</sub> data – Drawing of genetic map – interference and coincidence. Studies on sex linked inheritance in Humans and Drosophila

## Theory schedule

- 1. Definition of genetics, heredity, inheritance, cytology, cytogenetics; Brief history of developments in genetics and cytogenetics.
- 2. Physical basis of heredity: Structure and function of cell and cell organelles –
- 3. Differences between Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes.Cell division mitosis
- 4. Cell division meiosis and their significance
- 5. Gametogenesis and syngamy in Plants- identical and fraternal twins
- 6. Chromosome structure, chemical composition, nucleosome, centromere, telomere, euchromatin, heterochromatin, NOR, satellite chromosome, karyotype, ideogram
- 7. Types of chromosomes based on position of centromere, based on structure and function: normal and special chromosomes polytene, lampbrush, Bchromosomes, ring and isochromosomes.
- 8. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome structure deletion, duplication, inversion and translocation genetic and cytological implications.
- 9. Chromosomal aberration: Variation in chromosome number euploid, aneuploid, types of aneuploids and their origin; Klinefelter syndrome and Turner syndrome;
- 10. Polyploid auto and allopolyploids, their characters; meaning of genome; evolution of wheat, Triticale, cotton, tobacco, *Brassica*
- 11. Pre-Mendelian ideas about heredity Vapour and fluid theory, Magnetic power theory, Preformation theory, Lamarck's theory, Darwin's theory, Germplasm theory and Mutation theory.
- 12. Mendel's experiments and laws of inheritance. Rediscovery of Mendel's work
- 13. Terminologies: gene, allele, locus, homozygous, heterozygous, hemizygous, genotype, phenotype, monohybrid, dihybrid, trihybrid, polyhybrid.
- 14. Chromosomal theory of inheritance. Allelic interactions Dominance vs recessive, complete dominance, codominance, incomplete dominance, threshold characters
- 15. Deviation from Mendelian inheritance Non allelic interaction without modification in Mendelian ratio Bateson and Punnett's experiment on fowl comb shape. Non allelic interaction with modification in Mendelian ratio i.) Dominant epistasis (12:3:1)
- 16. ii.) Recessive epistasis(9:3:4) iii.) Duplicate and additive epistasis(9:6:1). iv.) Duplicate dominant epistasis(15:1)
- 17. Mid Semester Examination
- 18. v) Duplicate recessive epistasis (9:7) vi.) Dominant and recessive epistasis (13:3); Summary of epistatic ratios (i)to (vi).

- 19. Lethal genes, Pleiotrophy, penetrance and expressivity, Multiple alleles, blood group in humans, coat colour in rabbits, self incompatibility in plants; pseudo alleles, isoalleles.
- 20. Quantitative inheritance Multiple factor hypothesis Nilsson Ehle experiment on wheat kernel colour.
- 21. Polygenes transgressive segregation, comparison of quantitatively and qualitatively inherited characters; modifiers;
- 22. Linkage coupling and repulsion; Experiment on Bateson and Punnet
- 23. Chromosomal theory of linkage of Morgan Complete and incomplete linkage, Linkage group.
- 24. Crossing over significance of crossing over; cytological proof for crossing over Stern's experiment; Factors controlling crossing over.
- 25. Strength of linkage and recombination; Two point and three point test cross.
- 26. Double cross over, interference and coincidence; genetic map, physical map.
- 27. Sex determination: Autosomes and sex chromosomes chromosomal theory of sex determination different types sex determination in human, fowl, butterfly, grasshopper, honey bee, fumea; Sex determination in plants *Melandrium*, papaya, maize.
- 28. Genic balance theory of Bridges Gynandromorphs
- 29. Sex linked inheritance criss cross inheritance reciprocal difference; holandric genes; sex influenced and sex limited inheritance Genetic disorders
- 30. Cytoplasmic inheritance and maternal effects features of cytoplasmic inheritance, chloroplast, mitochondrial plastid colour in *Mirabilis jalapa* cytoplasmic male sterility in maize, kappa particles of paramecium
- 31. DNA, the genetic material Griffith's experiment, experiment of Avery, McCleod and McCarthy confirmation by Hershey and Chase; RNA as genetic material Frankel, Conrat and Singer experiment.
- 32. Structure of DNA Watson and Crick model Proof for semi conservative method of DNA replication; Models of DNA replication; steps involved in DNA replication.RNA types mRNA, tRNA, rRNA Protein synthesis
- 33. Regulation of gene expression Operon model of Jacob and Monad Lac and Trp operons. Cistron, muton and recon.
- 34. Mutation characteristics of mutation micro and macro mutation CIB technique molecular basis of mutation- Transition and transversion; major physical and chemical mutagens.

#### **Practical Schedule**

- 1. Use of microscopes
- 2. Principles of killing and fixing; preparation of stains and preservatives.
- 3. Study of behavior of chromosomes in mitosis.
- 4. Study of mitotic phases in root tips of onion / Aloe sp.
- 5. Procedure for fixing and observing different meiotic phases in the inflorescence of rice, maize
- 6. Procedure for fixing and observing different meiotic phases in the inflorescence in pearl millet, sorghum
- 7. Repetition of meiotic studies in maize/ sorghum/ pearl millet and making temporary and permanent slides.
- 8. Principles of dominance, recessive, back cross, test cross, incomplete dominance, codominance and lethal factor; Chi square test; Monohybrid genetic ratio with dominance, with incomplete dominance and test cross.
- 9. Dihybrid ratio with dominance, with incomplete dominance and test cross
- 10. Simple interaction of genes-comb character in fowls; Dominant epistasis.
- 11. Recessive epistasis, Duplicateand additive epistasis.
- 12. Duplicate dominant epistasis, Duplicate recessive epistasis, Dominant and recessive epistasis.
- 13. Multiple alleles and polygenic inheritance
- 14. Estimation of linkage with F<sub>2</sub> and test cross data; Coupling and repulsion.

- 15. Problems on three point test cross; Working out interference, coincidence and drawing genetic maps.
- 16. Studies on sex linked inheritance in Humans and Drosophila
- 17. Final Practical examination.

#### References

- Gupta P.K., 1997. Cytogenetics. Rastogi Publications, Meerut
- 2. Verma, P.S. and V.K. Agarwal. 2007. Genetics. S. Chand and Company Ltd./ New Delhi.
- Stansfield, W.D.1990. Theory and problems of genetics. Mc-Graw Hill Book Co., New York
- Pundhansingh. 2014. Elements of Genetics. Kalyani Publishers
- 5. Benjamin Lewin. 2005. Genes IX Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 6. Russel, P.J. 2000. Fundamentals of genetics. Addition Wesley Longman Publishers, USA
- Daniel Sundararaj, G. Thulasidas and M.StephenDorairaj, 1997. Introduction to Cytogenetics and Plant Breeding. Popular Book Depot, Chennai –15. Strickberger. M.W. 1996. Genetics. Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 8.
- Singh, B.D. 2004. Fundamentals of Genetics, Kalvani Publishers, Chennai.

## **E- References**

- 1. www.nmsu.edu,
- 2. www.biology200.gsu.edu

## **AEX 201 Communication Skills and Personality Development (1+1)**

#### Theory

Communication Skills: meaning and process of communication, verbal and nonverbal communication; listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations, impromptu presentation, public speaking; Group discussion. Organizing seminars and conferences.

- **Unit I** Communication Skills: meaning and process of communication, verbal and nonverbal communication
- **Unit II** Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures.
- **Unit III** Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting

**Unit IV** Individual and group presentations, impromptu presentation, public speaking **Unit V** Group discussion. Organizing seminars and conferences.

#### **Practical**

Listening and note taking, writing skills, oral presentation skills; field diary and lab record; indexing, footnote and bibliographic procedures. Reading and comprehension of general and technical articles, precise writing, summarizing, abstracting; individual and group presentations

### **Theory Schedule**

- 1. Communication meaning and process –Functions and Types of communication
- 2. Communication models Aristotle, Shannon and Weaver, Schramm, Berlo Westly and Maclean, Leagan, Rogers and Shoemaker, Littererls model and Dance's Helical Model Elements of communication communication barriers
- 3. Verbal and Non verbal communication Verbal communication definition and meaning Verbal vs Oral communication Types Styles Barriers to effective verbal communication;
- 4. Non verbal communication definition and meaning Proxemics, Chronemics, Movement and body position, Posture, Facial Expression, Gestures and Eye Contact importance of non verbal communication
- 5. Listening Definition Listening vs Hearing Active listening Types of listening Guidelines for effective listening Developing listening skills Barriers to listening Listening misconceptions
- 6. Writing skill Importance Effective writing Components of writing : Introduction , Audience and format ,Composition and style, Structure, Grammatical errors , Proofing and Conclusion Ways to improve writing skills Technical writing
- 7. Oral presentation skills Basics of effective oral presentation: Planning, preparing (Introduction, Body and conclusion), Delivery, Body language and Handling anxiety Strategies for giving oral presentation
- 8. Field diary Definition Components to be included Parts of field diary Field diary in social sciences
- 9. Lab record : Definition –Importance of keeping a lab record Features of a lab record Contents of lab record Guidelines for keeping a lab record
- 10. Mid semester examination
- 11. Indexing Definition Importance Types of indexing with advantages and limitations
- 12. Footnote and Bibliographic procedure: Footnote system of citation; Bibliographic procedures: Citation in Text, Citation in Journal, Citation from Book(One author / Multiple authors), Citation from an Edited Book, Citation of Seminar/Conference Proceedings, Citation from Institutional Publication, Citing Government Publications, Abbreviations for Names of Journals, Paraphrasing, Abbreviations in citations (Art of publication)

- 13. Reading skills Definition Kinds of reading skills Critical reading skills Reading readiness skills-Guidelines for effective reading- Extensive reading- Intensive reading. Comprehension: Definition and meaning Comprehension skills-Readability Index
- 14. Precise writing Derivation and Meaning Skills required Method or procedure Guidelines; Summarising Meaning- Steps to write a summary
- 15. Abstracting: Definition Purpose of abstract Types of abstract Abstract Styles Steps for Writing Effective Abstracts- Some Do's Don'ts in preparing abstracts
- 16. Individual presentation Meaning Steps for individual presentation; Group presentation Meaning Stages of group presentation; Impromptu presentation
- 17. Public speaking: meaning Points to be considered in public speaking Effective public speaking:

  Group Discussion: Meaning Procedure Advantages Limitations; Seminar Conferences: Definition and meaning Steps in organizing seminar / conferences / symposium / workshop

### **Practical Schedule**

- 1. Practicing active listening
- 2. Exercise on note taking methods
- 3. Exercise on technical writing and practicing proof correction
- 4. Practicing oral presentation
- 5. Exercise on writing field diary and Lab record
- 6. Visit to library and learn indexing
- 7. Exercise on preparing foot notes and citations
- 8. Practice on effective reading skills
- 9. Comprehension of technical article
- 10. Comprehension of general article
- 11. Exercise on precise writing
- 12. Practice on summarizing articles
- 13. Practice on preparing abstracts
- 14&15 Developing skill on individual presentation
- 16. Developing skill on group presentation
- 17. Practical Examination

### Referecnce

G.L. Ray and Sagar mondal. 2010. Journalism –Farm journalism and communication skills. Kalyani publishers.

Sagar Mondal. 2016. Agricultural extension, Kalyani publishers

G. L. Ray 2007 Extension Communication and Management, Kalyani publishers

Communication and Instructional Technology, By: Indu Grover, Shusma Kaushik, Lali Yadav, Deepak Grover & Shashikanta Verma

Indu Grover, Lali Yadav & Deepak Grover Extension Management, Agrotech

Everett Rogers, and Floyd Shoemaker, Communication of Innovation – a Cross Cultural Approach, New York Free Press.

Knapp, Mark L., & Hall, Judith A .(2007) Nonverbal Communication in Human Interaction. (8<sup>th</sup> ed.) Wadsworth: Thomas Learning.

Kathleen M. German, Bruce E Gronbeck Principles of Public Speaking

- e- Referecnce
  1. www.managementstudyguide.com
  2. www.ajms.co.in
  3. www.mindtools.com

## STA 201 Statistical Methods (1+1)

#### Theory

### **Unit I: Descriptive Statistics**

Basic concepts – statistics – variable – types and sources of data – classification and tabulation of data. Diagrammatic and graphical representation of data – simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram – frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram. Construction of frequency distribution tables.

Measures of central tendency: arithmetic mean, geometric mean, harmonic mean, median and mode – merits and demerits. Measures of dispersion: range, quartile deviation, mean deviation, standard deviation, and coefficient of variation – skewness and kurtosis – merits and demerits.

## **Unit II: Probability Distributions and Sampling Theory**

Probability – basic concepts – additive and multiplicative laws (without proof). Probability distributions – Discrete distributions: Binomial and Poisson. Continuous distribution: Normal distribution – definitions and properties.

Sampling theory – population – sample – parameter and statistic – sampling distribution – sampling vs complete enumeration – Types of sampling – simple random sampling – selection of simple random sample using random number tables.

## **Unit III: Testing of hypotheses**

Null and alternative hypothesis – types of errors – critical region and level of significance – degrees of freedom. Large sample test – single proportion and difference between two proportions – single mean and difference between two means.

Small sample tests – F-test – t-test for testing the significance of single mean – independent t test and paired t test – chi square test for goodness of fit – chi square test for testing the association of attributes by m x n contingency table –  $2 \times 2$  contingency table – Yates' correction for continuity.

#### **Unit IV: Correlation and Regression**

Correlation – Scatter diagram – Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient definition – computation – types of correlation and properties. Regression – simple linear regression – fitting of simple linear regression equation – properties of regression coefficient.

## **Unit V: Analysis of Variance and Experimental Designs**

Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) – assumptions – one way and two way classifications. Basic principles of experimental designs – Completely Randomized Design (CRD) – Randomized Block Design (RBD) – Latin Square Design (LSD) – lay out, analysis, merits and demerits of the above mentioned designs.

#### **Practical**

Formation of frequency distribution tables – Diagrammatic and graphical representation. Computation of different measures of central tendency and computation of various measures of dispersion for raw and grouped data – calculation of coefficient of variation (CV) – measures of skewness and kurtosis. Simple problems in Binomial distribution, Poisson and Normal distribution – Selection of simple random sampling. Large sample test for single proportion and difference between two proportions and Large sample test for single mean and difference between two means. t-test for single mean – t-test for testing the significance of two means for independent and paired samples – chi square test for goodness of fit and test for independence of two attributes in a contingency table – Yates correction for continuity

– calculation of the correlation coefficient – fitting of simple linear regression equation – One way and two way ANOVA – completely randomized design (CRD) – randomized block design (RBD) – Latin square design (LSD).

## **Theory Lecture Schedule**

- 1. Basic concepts statistics variable types and sources of data classification and tabulation of data. Diagrammatic and graphical representation of data simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram. Construction of frequency distribution tables.
- 2. Measures of Central Tendency meaning limitations properties mean, median mode geometric mean and harmonic mean for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 3. Measures of Dispersion meaning limitations properties range and mean deviation, Quartile deviation, standard deviation, variance and coefficient of variation for ungrouped and grouped data. Skewness and kurtosis types uses.
- 4. Probability basic concepts axioms mathematical and statistical probabilities additive and multiplicative laws (without proof). Theoretical discrete distributions Binomial and Poisson distribution and its applications.
- 5. Theoretical continuous distribution Normal distribution and its properties and importance standard normal distribution.
- 6. Sampling theory population sample sampling vs complete enumeration parameter and statistic need for sampling sampling distribution standard error.
- 7. Sampling methods probability sampling method simple random sampling Selection using random number tables and lottery method.
- 8. Tests of significance basic concepts null and alternative hypotheses critical region level of significance degrees of freedom.

## 9. Mid Semester Examination

- 10 Large sample test single proportion and difference between two proportions single mean and difference between two means
- 11. Small sample tests F-test t-test for testing the significance of single mean independent t test and paired t test
- 12. Chi square test for goodness of fit chi square test for testing the association of m x n contingency table 2 x 2 contingency table Yates' correction for continuity
- 13. Correlation Scatter diagram Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient definition computation types of correlation and properties.
- 14. Regression simple linear regression fitting of simple linear regression equation properties of regression coefficient.
- 15. Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) assumptions one way and two way classifications. Basic principles of experimental designs randomization, replication and local control.
- 16. Completely Randomized Design (CRD) Randomized Block Design (RBD).
- 17. Latin Square Design (LSD).

#### **Practical schedule**

Construction of frequency distribution tables.

- 2. Diagrammatic representation simple, multiple, component and percentage bar diagrams, pie diagram. Graphical representation frequency polygon, frequency curve and histogram.
- 3. Computation of arithmetic mean, geometric mean, harmonic mean, median and mode for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 4. Computation of range, standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation for ungrouped and grouped data. Computation skewness and kurtosis for ungrouped and grouped data.
- 5. Simple problems in Binomial distribution and Poisson distribution.
- 6. Simple problems in Normal distribution.
- 7. Selection of simple random sample using simple random sampling method.
- 8. Large sample test test for single proportion and difference between two proportions.
- 9. Large sample test test for single mean and difference between two means.
- 10. Small samples test t-test for single mean independent t test for difference between two sample means (equal variances only) Paired t-test.
- 11. Chi square test for goodness of fit Chi square test for testing the association of attributes.
- 12. Computation of Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient.
- 13. Fitting of simple linear regression equation y on x.
- 14. One way ANOVA analysis of experimental data using Completely Randomised Design (CRD) (for equal replications only).
- 15. Two way ANOVA analysis of experimental data using Randomised Block Design (RBD).
- 16. Analysis of experimental data using Latin Square Design (LSD).
- 17. Final Practical Examination

## References

- 1. Rangaswamy, R. 2000, A Text book of Agricultural Statistics, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi.
- 2. K.P. Dhamu and K. Ramamoorthy, 2007, Statistical Methods, Agrobios (India), Jodhpur.
- 3. R. Gangai Selvi and C. Kailasam, 2017, Applied Statistics, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. <u>K. M. Palaniswamy</u> and <u>Usha Palaniswamy</u>, 2006, Handbook of Statistics for Teaching and Research in Plant and Crop Science, , <u>IBDC Publishers</u>, , <u>Lucknow</u>.

## References

- 1. G. Nageshwara Rao, 2007, Statistics for Agricultural Sciences, BS Publications, Andhra Pradesh.
- 2. Gupta. S.P., 2007, Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 3. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 2003, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 4. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Applied Statistics, 2003, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 5. Gomez, K.A. and Gomez, A.A., 1984, Statistical Procedures for Agricultural Research, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 6. Panse, V.G. and Sukhatme, P.V. 1961, Statistical methods for Agricultural Workers, ICAR, New Delhi.
- 7. Zar. J.H., 1974, Bio-statistical analysis, Prentice Hall, Inc., New Jersey.
- 8. Cochran, W.G. and Cox, G.M. 1962. Experimental Design, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 9. M.N. Das and Narayan C. Giri, Design and Analysis of Experiments, New Age Publishers, New
- 10. D.C. Sanchetti and V.K. Kapoor, 2007, Statistics (Theory, Methods and Application), Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.

## **E- References**

- 1. http://www.statistics.com/resources/glossary/
- 2. www.statsoft.com
- 3. http://www.iasri.res.in/ebook/EB\_SMAR/index.htm
- 4. http://www.iasri.res.in/design/analysis of data/analysis of data.html
- 5. www.stats.gla.ac.uk/steps/glossary/index.html
- 6. http://davidmlane.com/hyperstat/
- 7. http://www.stattrek.com/
- 8. http://www.businessbookmall.com/Statistics Internet Library.htm
- 9. http://www.stat-help.com/
- 10. www.statsci.org/jourlist.html

## PAT 202 Principles of Integrated Plant Disease Management - 1+1

## Theory:

## **UNIT I: Epidemiology and Diagnosis of Plant Diseases**

Classification of plant diseases - Disease triangle/ Disease Pyramid - Epidemiology of plant diseases-role of weather factors in disease development - Disease surveillance, assessment and forecasting—Diagnosis of plant diseases- Seed health tests- chemodiagnosis, serodiagnosis and Molecular diagnosis

## **UNIT II: Principles - Avoidance & Exclusion**

Avoidance- Role of cultural practices in plant disease management. Exclusion- Plant quarantine – domestic, International and Embargo - Phytosanitary certificate- Quarantine in India- Post Entry Quarantine- Exotic diseases introduced into India- Pest risk analysis.

## **UNIT III: Eradication**

Eradication of pathogens from seed and Planting materials – Eradication of diseased plants- Surgery and Rouging – Eradication of Alternate and Collateral host- different methods of eradication-Mechanical, physical, chemical and Biological methods.

## **UNIT IV: Protection**

Protection of crops from air borne, seed borne, soil borne and vector borne plant diseases-Physical methods- soil solarization, Hot water treatment, Incineration. Chemical control of plant diseases-fungicides- Different group of fungicides and antibiotics in plant disease management- Biological control of plant diseases - Plant products, Plant activators and Antiviral principles- method of application- plant protection appliances.

## Unit V: Immunization, Biotechnological approaches and IPM module

Immunization - cross protection and host plant resistance - Types of resistance - vertical and horizontal resistance - resistance breeding and Resistant varieties. Mechanism of resistance- structural and bio chemical resistance in plants -Biotechnological approaches for crop disease management. Implementation and impact of IPM. IPM module for Soil borne, air borne, Seed borne and vector borne plant disease management

### **Practical**

Survey and Assessment of important plant diseases- Diagnosis of Plant diseases- Classification and grouping of fungicides- Preparation of Bordeaux mixture (1%) and Bordeaux paste (10%), Calculation of fungicides quantity and methods of application of fungicides — Special methods of application. Mass multiplication of *Trichoderma asperellum*, *Pseudomons fluorescens* and *Bacillus subtilis* and method of application-Preparation of leaf extracts, oil emulsion of neem and antiviral principles. Cross protection-Tissue culture —meristem tip culture technique. Visit to commercial biocontrol production unit/seed Testing Laboratory and pesticide testing laboratory.

## **Theory**

- 1. Plant diseases abiotic , biotic diseases, classification based on mode of infection, multiplication of inoculum , spread, symptoms, occurrence & distribution
- 2. Epidemiology disease triangle/ disease Pyramid role of weather factors in plant disease development. Boom and bust cycle in disease outbreak
- 3. Disease surveillance –different methods- surveillance report-disease surveillance programme in Tamil Nadu.
- 4. Assessment of plant diseases- different methods- measurement of disease growth rate by Area Under Disease Progressive Curve (AUDPC)
- 5. Forecasting of plant diseases- forecasting models in plant disease management
- 6. Diagnosis of plant diseases-seed health tests, chemodiagnosis, serodiagnosis and molecular diagnosis

- 7. Avoidance and Exclusion- plant quarantine domestic, international and embargo phytosanitary certificate- Quarantine in India. Post entry quarantine in India. Exotic diseases introduced into India
- 8. Eradication: Role of cultural practices in plant disease management- different methods of eradication of plant diseases

## 9. Mid semester examination

- 10. Protection —physical methods of protection—chemical fungicides ideal characters-formulations and adjuvants—safety measures to be followed while handling fungicides
- 11. Sulphur and copper fungicides,- classification -phytotoxicity, mode of action and uses
- 12. Mercury fungicides, Heterocyclic nitrogen compounds , Organo tin, Quinone, Benzene and Miscellaneous compounds , mode of action and uses
- 13. Systemic fungicides including antibiotics classification mode of action uses.

  New generation fungicides, plant activators/ SAR inducing chemicals in plant disease management. Methods of application of fungicides: seed treatment, foliar spray, soil drenching and special methods of application.
- 14. Biological control definition mechanism of action mass production of *Trichoderma* asperellum, *Pseudomonas fluorescens & Bacillus subtilis* methods of application plant products antiviral principles preparation methods of application
- 15. Disease resistance- types- resistant varieties. methods of developing resistant varieties-Mechanisms of resistance- structural and bio chemical resistance in plants- cross protection
- 16. Biotechnological approaches in plant diseases management: Tissue culture techniquesmeristem tip culture, somoclonal variation and transgenic plant production by genetic engineering.
- 17. IPM module for soil borne, Airborne, Seed borne and vector borne plant diseases

## **Practical Schedule**

- 1. Survey and assessment of important plant diseases
- 2. Diagnosis of plant diseases: Tetrazolium test, Iodine test, ELISA test and ooze test, paraquat test
- 3. Seed health tests for diagnosis of seed borne pathogens dry seed examination, seed washing, blotter tests
- 4. Classification and grouping of fungicides.
- 5. Preparation of Bordeaux mixture (1%) and Bordeaux paste (10%)
- 6. Calculation of spray fluid and methods of application of fungicides seed (wet and dry) soil, foliar and post harvest dipping
- 7. Special methods of application: swabbing, acid delinting, pseudostem injection, capsule application
- 8. Special methods of application: corm injection, paring and prolinage, root feeding and trunk injection.
- 9. In vitro assay of fungicides against fungal pathogens
- 10. In vitro assay of biocontrol agents and their compatibility with agrochemicals
- 11. Trichoderma viride -mass production and methods of application
- 12. Pseudomons fluorescens and Bacillus subtilis -mass production & methods of application
- 13. Visit to commercial biocontrol production unit /seed and pesticide testing laboratories

- 14. Preparation of leaf extracts, oil emulsion of neem and antiviral principles.
- 15. Cross protection: production of pre immunized citrus seedlings against tristeza virus.
- 16. Tissue culture Production of virus free plants through meristem tip culture technique.
- 17. Practical Examination

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Arjunan.G. Karthikeyan, G, Dinakaran ,D. Raguchander,T. 1999 Diseases of Horticultural Crops, AE Publications, Coimbatore.
- 2. Rangasawmi ,G and Mahadevan, A. 1998. Diseases of crop Plants in India, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Prakasam, V., Valluvaparidasan, V., Raguchander, T. and K.Prabakar. 1997. Field crop diseases, AE Publication, Coimbatore.

## E- Books

- 1. Agrios, G.N. 2008. Plant Pathology, Academic Press, New York
- 2. Rangaswami, G. 2005. Diseases of Crop plants in India. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 3. Thakur, B.R. 2006. Diseases of field crops and their management

## AEN 202 MANAGEMENT OF BENEFICIAL AND HARMFUL INSECTS (2+1) Theory

**Unit I:** Classification of insects based on economic importance - Apiculture - Bee species – comparison- castes of bees, bee behaviour and bee dance; Apiary management practices – bee pasturage, foraging, seasonal variations; Bee products – properties and uses; Effect of agricultural inputs on bee activity – pesticide poisoning.

**Unit II:** Moriculture; Silkworm rearing; Lac insect- biology-strains-natural enemies of lac insect and lac products; Weed killers, pollinators, scavengers and soil builders; Balance of life in nature – population dynamics – role of abiotic and biotic factors. Life table – interspecific and intraspecific relationships

**Unit III:** Pests – definition and categories – pest outbreak – factors governing pest outbreak – pest monitoring, surveillance and forecasting. Economic Threshold Level – Economic Injury Level- Integrated Pest Management – history, principles and strategies – requirements for successful pest management programme; Cultural, physical, mechanical, ecological engineering methods and host plant resistance in pest management

**Unit IV:** Parasitoids, predators and microbial agents in pest management. Legal methods – definition – pest introductions – quarantine – phytosanitary certificate – pest legislation. Pesticides – history, classification – mode of action of insecticides. Pesticides compatibility, safety and hazards in the use of pesticides – pesticide poisoning - impact of pesticides in agro-ecosystem.

**Unit V:**Insecticide act. Insecticides residues and resistance. Semiochemicals – allomones – kairomones – pheromones- semiochemicals in pest management. Sterile male technique – chemosterilants, insect growth regulators – moult inhibitors – Juvenile Hormone mimics – antifeedants and repellents. Natural pesticides. Biotechnology in pest management. Bio safety of transgenic plants. Impact of global warming on pests. Bio-intensive/Bio-rational/ Eco-friendly Integrated Pest Management – Indigenous/traditional technologies in Integrated Pest Management

#### **Practical**

Identification, morphology and structural adaptations in honey bees. Bee keeping appliances, bee enemies and diseases. Sericulture. Lac insect-life history, hosts and culturing of lac, natural enemies and lac products. Study of useful insects- Pollinators, weed killers, scavengers and soil builders. Symptoms and types of damage caused by insect pests. Assessment of insect population and their damage in field crops. Cultural, mechanical and physical control of insects. Identification and mass culturing of different types of parasitoids, predators and entomopathogens. Behavioral approaches in pest management – Pheromone traps, light traps, sticky traps and others. Pesticide formulations and toxicity parameters. Pesticide application techniques. Preparation of spray fluids and botanicals for field application. Plant protection appliances.

## Theory lecture schedule:

- 1. Economic classification of insects
- 2. Bee species comparison castes of bees bee behaviour and bee dance
- 3. Apiary management practices bee pasturage foraging seasonal variations.
- 4. Bee products their properties and uses
- 5. Effect of agricultural inputs on bee activity pesticide poisoning
- 6. Ecological requirements for mulberry cultivation soil type mulberry varieties Methods of propagation merits and demerits selection of semi hard wood cuttings
- 7. Pests and diseases of mulberry
- 8. Types of silkworm Mulberry silkworm origin classification based on voltinism, moultinism, geographical distribution and genetic nature Characters of multivoltine races, bivoltine races, cross breeds and bivoltine hybrids double hybrids suitability for rearing in different seasons.
- 9. Morphology and biology of silkworm sexual dimorphism in immature and adult stages silkworm genetics chromosome number sex limited characters in egg, larva and cocoon for grainage use.
- 10. Lac insect- biology-strains-Natural enemies of lac insect and lac products

- 11. Weed killers, pollinators, scavengers and soil builders
- 12. Insect ecology definition balance of life in nature reproductive potential and environmental resistance
- 13. Population dynamics role of biotic factors competition parasitoids and predators. Life table Interspecific and intraspecific relationship
- 14. Abiotic factors physical, nutritional and host plant associated factors on insect population.
- 15. Pests definition, categories and causes for outbreak of pests. Losses caused by pests
- 16. Pest monitoring pest surveillance and forecasting objectives, survey, sampling techniques and decision making. Economic Threshold Level and Economic Injury Level. Factors influencing Economic Injury Level and Economic Threshold Level
- 17. Midsemester examination
- 18. Integrated Pest Management history, principles and strategies requirements for successful pest management programme. Components of pest management
- 19. Cultural methods definition characteristics, requisites farm level practices and community level practices, advantages and disadvantages- Ecological Engineering in pest management
- 20. Physical methods definition use of heat, moisture, light, electromagnetic energy and sound energy Mechanical methods definition mechanical destruction and exclusion merits and demerits
- 21. Host plant resistance types and mechanisms of resistance and role of host plant resistance in pest management
- 22. Biological control definition, parasitoids and predators and their role in pest management
- 23. Microbial control viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa and nematodes and their role in pest management
- 24. Legal methods definition pest introductions quarantine phytosanitary certificate pest legislation
- 25. Chemical control definition history of insecticide development toxicity parameters ideal qualities of an insecticide
- 26. Classification of insecticides based on mode of entry, mode of action and chemical nature
- 27. Mode of action of organophosphates, carbamates, synthetic pyrethroids, neonicotinoids, diamides and avermectins
- 28. Pesticide compatibility, safety and hazards pesticide poisoning antidotes safe handling impact of pesticides on agroecosystems
- 29. Insecticides Act 1968 insecticide residues and waiting periods, role of pesticides in pest management, insecticide resistance management
- 30. Semiochemicals definition intraspecific semiochemicals allomone, kairomone, synomone and apneumone Interspecific semiochemicals pheromone, sex pheromone, alarm and trail marking pheromone. Pheromones in Integrated Pest Management
- 31. Sterility methods definition principles methods requirements and limitaitons
- 32. Insect growth regulators moult inhibitors Juvenile Hormone mimics mode of action and uses. Insect antifeedants and repellents mode of action, groups and uses
- 33. Botanicals and Biotechnological approaches in pest management bio safety of transgenic plants
- 34. Impact of global warming on pests. Integrated Pest Management : Issues and options. Bio-intensive/Bio-rational/ Eco-friendly Integrated Pest Management Indigenous/traditional technologies in Integrated Pest Management

#### Practical schedule:

- 1. Identification, morphology and structural adaptations in honey bees
- 2. Bee keeping appliances, bee enemies and diseases
- 3. Mulberry nursery bed preparation methods of planting Pruning methods leaf / shoot harvest– preservation of leaves.
- 4. Identification of damage symptoms of insects, diseases and nematodes of mulberry
- 5. Chawki rearing and shoot rearing
- 6. Lac insect-life history, hosts and culturing of lac, natural enemies and lac products

- 7. Study of useful insects-Pollinators, weed killers, scavengers and soil builders
- 8. Symptoms and types of damage caused by insect pests, Assessment of insect population and their damage in rice, cotton and brinjal
- 9. Cultural, mechanical and physical control of insects
- 10. Identification and mass culturing of different types of parasitoids
- 11. Identification and mass culturing of different types of predators
- 12. Identification and mass production of entomopathogens
- 13. Behavioral approaches in pest management Pheromone traps, light traps, sticky traps and others
- 14. Pesticide formulations and toxicity parameters
- 15. Pesticide application techniques, Preparation of spray fluids and botanicals for field application
- 16. Plant protection appliances
- 17. Final Practical examination

### **References:**

- 1. David, B.V. and V.V. Ramamurthy. 2011. *Elements of Economic Entomology*, Namrutha Publications, Chennai, 386 p. {ISBN: 978-81-921477-0-3}
- 1. Pedigo, L.P. and M.E.Rice.1996. *Entomology and Pest Management*. Prentice-Hall of Idia Pvt Ltd, New Delhi. 812p. {ISBN-978-8120338869}
- 2. Dhaliwal, G.S. and R.Arora. 2001. *Integrated Pest Management Concepts and approaches*. Kalyani publishers, New Delhi. 427p. {ISBN: 81-7663-904-4}
- 3. Dandin, S.B., J.Jayaswal and K. Giridhar. 2003. *Hand book of Sericulture Technologies*. Central Silk Board, Bangalore, 287 p.

#### e resources

- 1. http://www.sristi.org/hbnew
- 2. http://www.ncipm.org.in/recent-publications.htm
- 3. http://www.ipmnet.org
- 4. www.silkbase.org
- 5. www.papilo.ab.a.u.tokyo.ac.jp

## AGR 203 Crop Production Technology- II (Rabi crops) (1+1)

## Theory

#### Unit I: Cereals

Wheat, barley, Oats - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

#### Unit II: Pulses

Chickpea, lentil, peas - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

#### Unit - III Oilseeds

Rapeseed, mustard and sunflower- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

#### **Unit -IV: Sugar Crops**

Sugarcane - Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.

### **Unit V: Forage crops**

Berseem, Lucerne, Fodder maize: Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices.

#### Practical:

Identification of rabi cereals, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and forage crops - nursery preparation and management for sugarcane - main field preparation; Seed treatment techniques - Sowing and manuring

- Seeding equipment's - Estimation of population - After cultivation practices - Study of growth and yield parameters and yield estimation, harvesting of above crops; Fodder preservation techniques - Silage and hay making, Cost and returns - Visit to institutes and industries - Farmers' fields

#### **Lecture Schedule:**

- 1. Wheat- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement,
- 2. Wheat varieties, cultural practices and yield.
- 3. Barley and oats Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 4. Chickpea- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 5. Lentil and peas Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 6. Peas Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 7. Rapeseed and Mustard Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, Classification, soil and climatic requirement, varieties
- 8. Rapeseed and mustard cultural practices, yield.

## 9. Mid semester examination

- 10. Sunflower- Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 11. Sugarcane Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties,
- 12. Sugarcane cultural practices and yield.
- 13. Sugarcane- package of practices for SSI
- 14. Sugarcane Crop logging, maturity and ripening
- 15. Sugarcane Gur manufacture , Value addition and byproduct utilization.

- 16. Berseem and Lucerne Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 17. Fodder maize Origin, geographic distribution, economic importance, soil and climatic requirement, varieties, cultural practices, yield.
- 1. Identification of rabi crops and recording their importance in the crop cafeteria.
- 2. Acquiring skill in field preparation, sowing and manuring of rabi crops under pure and intercropping situations.
- 3. Acquiring skill in different seed treatment techniques and foliar nutrition of rabi crops.
- 4. Estimation of plant population per unit area for rabi crops.
- 5. Nursery preparation for Sugarcane.
- 6. Acquiring skill in after cultivation practices in sugarcane detrashing, and Propping.
- 7. Study on growth parameters of sugarcane.
- 8. Study on yield parameters and estimation of yield in sugarcane.
- 9. Study on yield parameters and estimation of yield in rabi crops.
- 10. Estimating Cost and returns of important rabi crops.
- 11. Visit to Sugarcane Breeding Institute/ Research Station to study cultivation of sugarcane and its by products.
- 12. Visit to nearby sugar mill, for observing juice extraction, quality assessment, sugar manufacture and by products.
- 13. Silage making.
- 14. Practicing field preparation and sowing Lucerne.
- 15. Practicing field preparation and sowing for fodder maize.
- 16. Visit to Wheat research station, Wellington to study rabi crops wheat, barley, rye, oats.
- 17. Practical Examination.

#### **References:**

Rajendra Prasad. 2012. Text Book on Field Crop Production, Indian Council of Agrl. Research, New Delhi. Ahlawat,I.P.S., Om Prakash and G.S. Saini. 2010. Scientific Crop Production in India. Rama publishing House, Meerut

Chidda Singh, Prem Singh and Rajbir Singh. 2011. Modern Techniques of Raising Field Crops. Oxford and IBH Pub. Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Reddy, S.R. 2012. Agronomy of field crops. Kalyani publishers, New Delhi.

Crop production guide.2012. Directorate of Agriculture, Chennai

ICAR 2015. Hand book of Agriculture. Indian Council of Agricuture, New Delhi

## **E.References:**

- 1. http://sugarcane.tn.nic.in
- 2. http://fibre.tn.nic.in,
- 3. www.tnau.ac.in/agriportal

### AGR 204 Farming System and Sustainable Agriculture (1+1)

#### Theory:

## **Unit - I: Cropping System**

Cropping systems - Definition - Principles - Concepts - Classification - mono cropping - intensive cropping - cropping systems of India and Tamil Nadu - Interaction between different cropping systems - Cropping system management - Resource management - land, nutrient, water and weed.

## **Unit - II: Evaluation of Cropping System**

Index for evaluation of cropping systems - Land use - yield advantages - Economic evaluation - sustainability.

### **Unit - III: Farming System**

Farming systems - Definition - Principles - Concepts - Enterprises selection and management - interaction between different enterprises with cropping - scope and advantages of Integrated Farming system - Integrated farming system models for different agro eco-systems - interaction between enterprises.

## **Unit - IV: Evaluation of Farming System**

Resource recycling in IFS - Evaluation indicators of integrated farming system - LEISA & HEIA - concepts and principles - Conservation agriculture - principles, concept and scope.

## Unit - V: Resource and labour management in farming system

Resource management under constraint situation - Cost reduction strategies in crop production - Non-monetary inputs and low cost technologies - Labour management - farming system and environment.

#### **Practical:**

Preparation of cropping scheme - working out input requirements for crops, cropping systems - preparation of calendar of operations for wetland, irrigated upland and dry land cropping system - visit to cropping system experiments - working out indices for evaluation of cropping systems - visit to different units: dairy, goat, poultry, fishery. Mushroom, sericulture and biogas - study on evaluation indicators on farming system - preparation of integrated farming system models for different ecosystems - on farm field visit - analysis of farming system models.

#### **Lecture Schedule**

- 1. Cropping system: Definition, Principles and basic concepts.
- 2. Classification of cropping system Mono cropping, intensive cropping, multiple cropping, mixed cropping.
- 3 Major cropping systems prevailing in India and Tamil Nadu for different agro eco systems.
- 4. Complementary and competitive interaction in different cropping system light, nutrient, water and weed.
- 5. Cropping system management: agronomic requirement for crops and cropping system selection of crops and varieties, tillage and land shaping, plant population and crop geometry.
- 6. Cropping system management: agronomic requirement for crops and cropping system water management, soil fertility management and plant protection.
- 7. Indices for evaluation of cropping system land use, yield advantage and economics.
- 8. Farming system: definition, principles and concepts and factors influencing choice and size of enterprises

### 9. Mid Semester Examination.

- 10. Scope and advantages of integrated farming system.
- 11. Allied enterprises for wetland, irrigated upland and dryland selection and management and their interaction.
- 12. Resource recycling in integrated farming system.

- 13. Integrated Farming System evaluation indicators.
- 14. Integrated farming system models for wetland, irrigated upland and dryland eco system.
- 15. LEISA and HEIA principles and concepts and Labour management in integrated farming system.
- 16. Conservation agriculture and environmental impact of integrated farming system.
- 17. Cost reduction technologies and non monetary inputs in integrated farming system.

## **Practical Schedule:**

- 1. Visit to cropping system experiments in wetland.
- 2. Visit to cropping system experiments in irrigated upland and dryland.
- 3. Preparation of cropping scheme for wetland and working out input requirement.
- 4. Preparation of cropping scheme for irrigated upland and working out input requirement.
- 5. Calendar of operations for wet land and irrigated upland cropping system.
- 6. Working out indices for evaluating the cropping system land use, yield advantage.
- 7. Working out indices for evaluating the cropping system Economics, sustainability.
- 8. Visit to dairy, goat and poultry units.
- 9. Visit to mushroom unit.
- 10. Visit to sericulture and biogas unit.
- 11. Preparation of integrated farming system models: wetland eco-system.
- 12. Preparation of integrated farming system models: irrigated upland and dryland eco systems.
- 13. Resource recycling in integrated farming system models of different eco systems.
- 14. Evaluation of integrated farming system models: wetland eco-system.
- 15. Evaluation of integrated farming system models: irrigated upland and dryland eco systems.
- 16. On-farm visit to cropping fields and integrated farming system units.
- 17. Practical examination.

### **References:**

- 1. Palaniappan, SP and K. Sivaraman.1996. Cropping systems in the tropics Principles and management.
- 2. New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Jayanthi, C. Devasenapathy, P and C. Vennila. 2007. Farming Systems. Principles and practices. Satish Serial Publishing House. Delhi.
- S.C. Panda. 2003. Cropping and Farming Systems. Agrobios Publishers. Jodhpur. Jana, B.L. 2014. Farming Systems. Agrotech Publishing Academy, Udaipur Shagufta. 2015. Cropping and Farming Systems. APH Publishing Corporation

#### E references:

- 1. www.agriinfo.in
- 2. www.fao.org
- 3. www.agritech.tnau.ac.in

### SAC 202 Problematic Soils and their Management (2+0)

## Theory

#### Unit-I

Soil quality and health, Distribution of Waste land and problem soils in India and Tamil Nadu. Categorization of waste lands based on properties.

#### Unit-II

Characteristics, reclamation and management of soil physical and chemical constraints - Eroded and Compacted soils, Flooded soils, Saline and sodic soils, Acid soils, Acid Sulphate soils, degraded alkali soils and Polluted soils. Effect of salts on soil and plants.

### Unit-III

Remote sensing and GIS in assessment and management of problem soils. Irrigation water – quality and standards. Utilization of saline water in agriculture.

#### **Unit-IV**

Multipurpose tree species, bio remediation of soils through MPTs, land capability classification, land suitability classification. Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems - Soil fertility improvement through carbon build up.

#### **Lecture Schedule:**

- 1 Soil health Definition Soil Quality Indices Physical indicators
- 2 Soil Quality Indices Chemical and biological indicators
- 3 Distribution of waste lands and problem soils in India and Tamil Nadu
- 4 Categorization of waste lands based on properties
- 5 Soil physical constraints slow permeable, excessively permeable soils and fluffy paddy soils Characteristics and management
- 6 Soil crusting, soil compaction, sub soil hard pan, sand dunes and shallow soils characteristics and management
- 7 Eroded soil Genesis, types and characteristics: water- sheet, rill, gully, ravines, wind Aeolian, loess, saltation, suspension, soil creep
- 7 Universal soil loss equation and erosion control measures
- 8 Flooded soils Formation, characteristics and management
- 9 Acid soil and acid sulphate soil Genesis and characteristics.
- 10 Lime requirement of acid soil, liming materials, reclamation and management of acid soil
- 11 Formation and classification of Saline, Sodic and saline sodic soils
- 12 Effects of Salts on soils- Physical: Clay swelling and Dispersion, permeability, Infiltration, Crust, Water
  - transmission. Chemical: pH and EC. Biological: Microbial activity.
- 13 Effects of Salts on plants Plants response to saline and sodic conditions, Factors affecting salt tolerance, crop response to salinity, ratings of crop salt tolerance.
- 14 Salts and plant mineral nutrition- Salinity and nutritional effects: Salinity and N, P, K, Ca, Mg, S, and Micronutrients. Alkalinity and nutritional effects.
- 15 Saline, Sodic, saline sodic, and degraded alkali soils- characteristics and their management
- 16 Saline soil-reclamation Leaching requirement. Sodic soil reclamation -gypsum requirement calculations.
- 17 Mid semester examination
- 18 Polluted soils- industrial effluent s- Characteristics, reclamation and management
- 19 Polluted soils- mine spoils- Characteristics, reclamation and management
- 20 Irrigation water quality and standards EC, SAR, RSC, RSBC SSP, PSI and PS
- 21 Irrigation water quality and standards -USDA system and specific ion toxicity-USSL system

- 22 Factors affecting suitability of irrigation water and Management of poor quality water in agriculture
- 23 Remote sensing and GIS in assessment of wastelands and problem soils
- 24 Remote sensing and GIS in monitoring and management of wastelands and problem soils
- 25 Multipurpose tree species for waste lands and problem soils
- 26 Bio remediation through MPTs of soils
- 27 MPTs Nutrient cycling under waste lands and problem soils
- 28 Land capability and classification
- 29 Land suitability classification
- 30 Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems- coastal salinity, inland salinity
- 31 Problematic soils under different Agro ecosystems- marshy, swampy soils, red sand dunes (Theri soils) Tsunami affected soils.
- 32 Agricultural Ecosystem services- Soil fertility improvement in problem soils
- 33 Potential of agro forestry systems in management of problem soils
- 34 Carbon sequestration and its role in problem soil management

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1. Sehgal, J. 2005. Pedology concepts and applications, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Gupta, S.K. and I.C. Gupta 2014. Salt affected soils: Reclamation and Management. Scientific Publishers.
- 3. Richards, L.A. 2012. Diagnosis and improvement of saline and alkali soils. Scientific Publishers.
- 4. Soil Survey Staff. 2006. Keys to Soil Taxonomy. United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service.
- 5. Maliwal, G.L. and L.L. Somani. 2010. Nature, Properties and Management of saline and alkali soils. Agrotech publishing academy, Udaipur.

#### **E-REFERENCES**

- 1. ftp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/NSSC/NCSS/Conferences/scanned/
- 2. ftp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/NSSC/Lab References/SSIR 51.pdf
- 3. ftp://ftp-fc.sc.egov.usda.gov/NSSC/Lab\_References/SSIR 51 .pdf
- 4. www.iuss.org/Bulletins/00000096.pdf
- 5. www.oosa.unvienna.org/pdf/sap/centres/rscurrE.pdf-
- 6. www.csre.iitb.ac.in/~dd/detail.html
- 7. www.dvsinstitute.org/forms/pg/M.Sc.%20-%20RS%20&%20GIS-350.pdf
- 8. inkinghub.elsevier.com/retrieve/pii/S0166248197800335
- 9. www.scribd.com/doc/40246764/Description-Pedon-Copy-
- 10. www.angrau.net/BSc(Aq)CourseCurriculum.htm
- 11. www.euroiournals.com/ejsr 42 2 10.pdf
- 12. www.springerlink.com/index/R177R744722222UN.pdf-Similar
- 13. content.alterra.wur.nl/Internet/webdoc\$/ilri-publicaties/.../Bib10.pdf
- 14. www-wds.worldbank.org/external/.../INDEX/multi\_..page.txt-Cached
- 15. openaccess.icrisat.org/.../Proceedings-integrated-watershed-management-for-land-Asia.pdf

#### HOR 212 Production Technology for Ornamental Crops, MAPs and Landscaping (1+1)

#### Theory

### **Unit I: Landscaping**

Importance and scope of ornamental crops landscaping. Principles of landscaping. Landscape uses of trees, shrubs and climbers.

## Unit II: Production technology of cut flower crops under protected conditions

Production technology of important cut flowers like rose, gerbera, carnation, lilium and orchids under protected conditions

# Unit III: Production technology of flowers under open conditions and value addition in ornamental crops

Production technology of important cut flowers like gladiolus, tuberose, chrysanthemum under open conditions. Package of practices for loose flowers like marigold and jasmine under open conditions. Processing and value addition in ornamental crops.

## **Unit IV: Production technology of medicinal crops**

Medicinal crops- importance and scope – current status - soil and climate – varieties – propagation–planting methods – nutrient, irrigation and organic practices – harvest – post-harvest handling – storage, packaging of Periwinkle, Asparagus, Aloe, Costus, Isabgol, Glory Iily, extraction and value addition of medicinal crops.

## **Unit V: Production technology of aromatic crops**

Aromatic crops - importance and scope - current status -- soil and climate - varieties - propagation-planting methods - nutrient, irrigation and organic practices - harvest - post-harvest handling - storage, packaging of Ocimum, Mint, Geranium, Citronella, Lemon grass, Palmarosa and Vetiver - Distillation of oil and value addition.

#### **Practical**

Identification of Ornamental plants. Nursery bed preparation and seed sowing. Training and pruning of Ornamental plants. Planning and layout of garden. Protected structures — care and maintenance. Intercultural operations in flowers. Harvesting and post harvest handling of cut and loose flowers. Visit to commercial flower unit.

### **Medicinal and Aromatic Plants**

Identification of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants- varieties-propagation-special practices - nutrient management, extraction and distillation of essential oil - Periwinkle, Asparagus, Aloe, Costus, Isabgol, Glory lily, Ocimum, Mint, Geranium, Citronella, Lemon grass, ,Palmarosa and Vetiver — visit to commercial medicinal and aromatic plants fields and processing units

#### Theory lecture schedule

- 1. Importance and scope of ornamental crops and landscaping.
- 2. Principles of landscaping
- 3. Landscape uses of trees, shrubs and climbers.
- 4. Production technology of cut rose under protected conditions
- 5. Production technology of gerbera and carnation under protected conditions
- 6. Production technology of lilium and orchids under protected conditions
- 7. Production technology of gladiolus and tuberose under open conditions
- 8. Production technology of chrysanthemum and marigold under open conditions
- 9. Mid Semester Examination.

- 10. Production technology of jasmine under open conditions.
- 11. Processing and value addition in ornamental crops.
- 12. Scope and Importance of medicinal & aromatic crops—current status conservation methods
- 13. Periwinkle, Asparagus and Aloe varieties soil and climate propagation- sowing and planting, nutrient, water management harvest and processing
- 14. Costus, Isabgol and Glory lily Propagation- soil and climate propagation and planting- standards pollination-nutrient, irrigation management harvest, yield and processing
- 15. Ocimum, Mint, Geranium varieties soil and climate- propagation planting nutrient, water management harvest distillation of essential oil
- 16. Citronella, Lemon grass, Palmarosa and Vetiver varieties soil and climate- propagation planting nutrient- water and weed management harvest- distillation of essential oil.
- 17. Processing and value addition in medicinal and aromatic plants.

#### **Practical schedule**

- 1. Identification, planting, care and maintenance of trees, shrubs and climbers used in garden
- 2. Identification of varieties in cut flowers under protected conditions.
- 3. Identification of varieties in flowers under open conditions.
- 4. Practices of nursery bed preparation, seed sowing in ornamental plants.
- 5. Training and pruning and intercultural operations in Ornamental plants
- 6. Planning and layout of garden.
- 7. Protected structures care and maintenance.
- 8. Harvesting and post harvest handling of cut and loose flowers.
- 9. Identification of medicinal and aromatic plants –economic parts
- 10. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Periwinkle, Asparagus and Aloe.
- 11. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Costus, Isabgol and poppy.
- 12. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in Ocimum, Mint, Geranium
- 13. Propagation techniques, planting, cultural operations in lemon grass, palmarosa, vetiver and citronella
- 14. Extraction and distillation of medicinal & Aromatic crops.
- 15. Visit to commercial floriculture and floral oil extraction units
- 16. Visit to commercial medicinal and aromatic crops field and extraction unit.

#### References

- 1. Bhattacharjee, S.K and De L.C (2003) Advanced Commercial Floriculture Vol. (1) Aavishkar publishers, Distributors, Jaipur.
- 2. Bhattacharjee, S.K and De L.C (2005) Medicinal Herbs & Flowers, Aarishkar, Jaipur.
- 3. Bhattacharjee, S.K., 2004. Hand book of medicinal plants, Pointer publications, Jaipur.
- 4. Bose, T.K., Yadav, L.P., Pal. P., Parthasarathy, V.A., Das. P., 2003. Commercial flowers. Vol. I and II. Naya udyog, Kolkata-6.
- 5. Ravindrasharma (2004) Agro techniques of Medicinal plants. Daya publishing, New Delhi.
- 6. Trivedi, P.C. (2004) Medicinal Plants: Utilization and Conservation, Aavishkar Publisher, Distributors, Jaipur.
- 7. Allan M. Armitage and Judy M. Laushman "Speciality Cut Flowers", Second Edition, Published by Timber press 2003, ISBN 0881925799
- 8. Atal. C. K. and B. M. Kapur. 1992. Cultivation and utilisation of medicinal plants RRL. CSIR, Jammu Tawi.
- 9. Bose, T.K., Yadav, L.P., Pal. P., Das. P. and Parthasarathy, V.A., (2002) Commercial Flowers. Vol.1, Naya Prakash, Calcutta.
- 10. Chadha, K.L.1994. Advances in Horticulture, Vol.10. Malhotra Publishing house, New Delhi.
- 11. Chadha, K.L.1994. Advances in Horticulture, Vol.11. Malhotra Publishing house, New Delhi.

- 12. Farooqi, M., M. M. Khan and M. Vasundhara. 2004. Production technology of medicinal and aromatic crops. Natural Remedies Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore 561229.
- 13. Surendraprasad and Updesh Kumar (1998), Commercial floriculture, Agrobotanica, Bikaner.
- 14. Kumar, N. Introduction to Horticulture. 2010. Oxford and IBH Publications, New Delhi.
- 15. Kumar, N. Introduction to Spices, Plantation, Medicinal and Aromatic crops. 1995. Oxford and IBH Publications, New Delhi.

### **E- References**

- 1. <a href="http://www.theflowerexport.com">http://www.theflowerexport.com</a>
- 2. <a href="http://www.intuxford.tripod.com">http://www.intuxford.tripod.com</a>
- 3. http://www.webct.uark.edu
- 4. http://www.pubmed.com
- 5. http://www.bestgarden.net/
- 6. http://www.indiaagronet.com/
- 7. http://www.intuxford.tripod.com/
- 8. <a href="http://www.lawngrasses.com/">http://www.lawngrasses.com/</a>
- 9. <a href="http://www.frlht.org">http://www.frlht.org</a>
- 10. www.herbs.org

## ANM 201 INTRODUCTORY NEMATOLOGY (0+1) SYLLABUS

#### **PRACTICAL**

Usage and handling of microscopes (binocular, trinocular, zoom and compound microspores) -Soil and root sampling — Extraction of active nematodes and cysts from soil and roots (Cobb's sieving and decanting technique, Baermann funnel technique, conical flask technique, Sugar floatation technique, Fenwick can method, Incubation and Blender technique) — Nematode processing techniques (preservation, slow and rapid method of processing, making semi permanent and permanent slides) — Morpholoy of orders *Tylenchida* (*Hoplolaimus*), and *Dorylaimida* (*Xiphinema*) — Identification of important nematodes (*Tylenchorhynchus*, *Helicotylenchus*, *Pratylenchus*, *Hirschmanniella*. *Hemicriconemoides* / *Criconema Heterodera* / *Globodera*, *Tylenchulus*, and *Aphelenchoides*) — Life stages of sedentary and migratory endoparasites — symptoms of important nematode diseases — Nematicides and their application — Biocontrol agents-bacteria and fungi.

#### **PRACTICAL**

- 1. Soil and root sampling. Extraction of nematodes by Cobb's sieving method; Baermann funnel Technique and modified Baermann funnel technique.
- 2. Extraction of nematodes by sugar flotation technique; Extraction of cysts by conical flask technique and fenwick can method.
- 3. Extraction of nematodes from roots and staining of roots infested with endoparasitic and semi endoparasitic nematodes.
- 4. Preservation of nematodes and preparation of temporary and permanent slides.
- 5. Observing morphology of the order Tylenchida (Hoplolaimus) and Dorylaimida (Xiphinema, Longidorus).
- 6. Identification of nematodes *Tylenchorhynchus, Helicotylenchus*.
- 7. Identification of nematodes *Pratylenchus, Hirschmanniella*.
- 8. Identification of nematodes Hemicriconemoides Criconema, Heterodera Globodera.
- 9. Identification of nematodes *Tylenchulus, Aphelenchoides*.
- 10. Study of life stages of Meloidogyne, Rotylenchulus.
- 11. Study of life stages of *Radopholus*.
- 12. Study of Entomopathogenic nematodes
- 13. Study of life stages of Nematodes diseases of rice (White tip and rice root nematode)
- 14. Damage caused by root knot and reniform nematodes indifferent crops.
- 15. Symptoms of damage caused by citrus nematode; the lesion nematode and the burrowing nematode of banana.
- 16. Study of types of nematicides, application methods and calculation of dosages; study of biocontrol agents.
- 17. Practical examination.

## NST 201 Fundamentals and Applications of Nanotechnology (1+0)

## Theory

**Unit I - Principles of Nanoscience (4 Lecture)**: History, definition, terminologies in nanoscience - Importance of Moore's law- Introduction to nanomaterials – Semiconductor – Diode – Quantum Dots- Buckyball - CNT - Polymers- types – PLGA – coreshell nanoparticles - micelle - Introduction to nanobiosensor- types- properties and applications

*Unit II - Synthesis of Nanomaterials (3 Lectures):* Top-down and bottom-up approaches - Physical, Mechanical, Chemical and Biological synthesis of nanomaterials

**Unit III - Properties and Characterization of Nanomaterials (4 Lectures):** Physical, Mechanical, optical, magnetic, thermal and electrical properties – Characterization – SEM, TEM, AFM, FT-IR, XRD

Unit IV - Application of Nanotechnology (2 Lectures): Agriculture and Food Systems

**Unit V - Application of Nanotechnology (3 Lectures):** Energy, Environment, Health — Social, Economic and Ethical issues — Nanotoxicology

#### Lecture schedule

## **Unit 1 Principles of Nanoscience (4 lectures)**

- 1. History, definition, terminology in nanoscience and importance of Moore's law.
- 2. Nanomaterials Semiconductor Diode Quantum Dots Buckyball CNT - characteristics Applications
- 3. Polymers Types PLGA Coreshell nanoparticles Micelles characteristics Applications
- 4. Biosensors Principle, Components, Types, Applications

## **Unit 2 Synthesis of Nanomaterials (3 lectures)**

- 5. Top down and Bottom up approaches Physical method, Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD), Etching Molecular Beam Epitoxy Sputtering Lithography Mechanical synthesis Ball milling Types Mechanical alloying
- 6. Chemical synthesis Sol-gel Method Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) electro-deposition- thin film
- 7. Biological synthesis using Microorganisms and Plants

## Unit 3 Properties and Characterization of Nanomaterials (4 lectures)

- 8. Mechanical, magnetic and thermal properties of nanomaterials
- 9. Optical and electrical properties of nanomaterials
- 10. *Principle, components and application of nanotechnology equipments*: Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM)
- 11. Principle, components and application of nanotechnology equipments: X-ray Diffraction (XRD)
- Fourier Transform Infra Red Spectroscopy (FT-IR)
   Atomic Force Microscope (AFM)

## Unit 4 Applications of Nanotechnology in Agriculture & Food Systems (2 Lectures)

- 12. Agriculture Nano fertilizers Nano-herbicides Nano-pesticides Seed technology
- 13. Nanotechnology in Food Systems Nano foods, Nano-encapsulation of functional foods, Nano-packaging, Quality assessment.

## Unit 5 Applications of Nanotechnology in Energy, Environment, Health (3 Lectures)

- 14. Nanotechnology applications in Energy and Environment
- 15. Applications in Health Sciences and Nanotoxicology
- 16. Social, Economic and Ethical Issues in Nanotechnology

#### **References:**

- 1. Nano: The essentials understanding nanoscience and Nano- T. Pradeep 2009 Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Nano materials B.Viswanathan 2009 Narosa.
- 3. Introduction to nanotechnology Charles P. Poole; Frank J. Owens 2008 Wiley.
- 4. Fundamentals of biomems and medical microdevices Steven S.Saliterman 2006 Wiley Interscience.
- 5. Instrumental methods of analysis Hobart H. Willam; Lynne L. Merrit 2006 -CBS.
- 6. Fundamentals of physics David Halliday; Robert Resnick 2007 Willey.
- 7. Chemistry Raymond Chang 2009 Tata Mcgraw Hill.
- 8. Nanomaterial chemistry C.N. Rao, A. K. Chettam, A. Muller 2007 Wiley VCH.
- 9. Nanotechnology Applications in Agriculture C.R. Chinnamuthu, B.Chandrasekaran and C. Ramasamy 2008.

#### **THEORY**

## **Unit I- Introduction to Renewable energy Sources**

Energy crisis – classification of energy sources – renewable energy – significance – potential - achievements in India. Biomass – methods of energy conversion.

## **Unit-II Biochemical Energy Conversion**

Biofuels – importance – biodiesel and bioethanol production method – flowchart – by products utilization. Biogas technology – classification - types - factors affecting biogas plants- alternate feedstocks – applications - biodigested slurry and enrichment.

## **Unit III – Thermochemical Energy Conversion**

Briquetting –methods- advantages and disadvantages -combustion –definition- Improved chulhas – types – construction features - applications. Pyrolysis – methods for charcoal /biochar production-comparion of slow and fast pyrolysis. Gasification – chemistry – types – updraft gasifier -downdraft gasifier – working principles – operation and applications.

## Unit IV - Solar Energy Conversion

Solar Energy – characteristics - types of radiation – solar constant-solar thermal devices – solar water heater – solar cooker – solar pond – solar distillation – working principles and applications. Solar PV systems – principle – solar lantern - water pumping. Solar driers – natural and forced convection types – solar tunnel drier – working principles and operation.

## Unit V- Wind and other Renewable Energy Sources

Wind – formations - Wind mills – types – horizontal and vertical axis – components – working principles – applications. Geothermal energy – wave energy – tidal energy – ocean energy – principle and operation - types – advantages and disadvantages

## **PRACTICAL**

Familiarization with renewable energy gadgets. To study biogas plants, To study gasifier, To study the production process of biodiesel, To study briquetting machine, To study the production process of bio-fuels. Familiarization with different solar energy gadgets. To study solar photovoltaic system: solar light, solar pumping, solar fencing. To study solar cooker, To study solar drying system. To study solar distillation and solar pond.

#### **Lecture Schedule**

- Energy crisis renewable energy sources significance potential and TB-1: 1-10 achievements in India energy requirements of agricultural and horticultural crops.
- 2. Biomass methods of energy conversion biochemical conversion methods –**TB-1**: 12-26 thermochemical conversion methods.
- Biofuels importance biodiesel and bioethanol production method flowchart**TB-1**: 164-177;
   by products utilization
- 4. Biogas technology classification types of biogas plants KVIC and TB-1: 30-43 Deenabandhu model biogas plants factors affecting biogas plants.
- 5. Alternate feedstocks for biogas production applications of biogas cooking, **TB-1**: 45-49 lighting and engine operations biodigested slurry and enrichment.
- 6. Briquetting MED VED methods need for briquetting benefits of biomass**TB-1**: 92-99 briquettes.
- 7. Combustion improved chulha single pot double pot conventional chulha –**TB-1**: 52-57; 64-biomass gas stove constructional features principles and applications. 67
- 8. Pyrolysis methods for charcoal production –biochar production– comparison**TB-1**: 67-73 between slow and fast pyrolysis.
- 9. Mid semester examination
- 10. Gasification chemistry types updraft gasifier working principles TB-2: 395-411

- operations application
- 11. Downdraft gasifier working principles operation and applications.
- Solar energy characteristics of solar radiation types of radiation solarTB-1: 101-105 constant
- Solar thermal devices solar water heater solar cooker solar pond solarTB-1: 105-114 distillation working principles and applications.
   TB-2: 138-142, 195-197
- 14. Solar PV systems principle solar lantern water pumping applications. **TB-1**: 117-123
- 15. Solar driers natural and forced convection types solar tunnel drier working**TB-1:** 115-117 principles and operation.
- 16. Wind mills types horizontal and vertical axis components working**TB-1**: 136 144 principles applications.
- 17. Energy from ocean, waves, tides. Geothermal energy sources principles and **TB-1**: 189-205 operation.

#### **Practical schedule**

- 1. Basic principles of working of renewable energy gadgets
- 2. Experiments on biodiesel production
- 3. Experiments on bioethanol production process
- 4. Construction and working principle of KVIC biogas plant
- 5. Construction and working principle of deenbandhu biogas plant
- 6. Experiments on biogas applications
- 7. Experiments on briquetting technology
- 8. Performance evaluation of improved chulha
- 9. Evaluation of biochar production systems
- 10. Experiments on biooil production method
- 11. Performance evaluation of producer gas production system
- 12. Performance evaluation of solar dryers
- 13. Experiments on solar cookers and distillation systems
- 14. Performance evaluation of solar water heaters
- 15. Experiments on solar water pumping system
- 16. Performance assessment of solar street light and fencing
- 17. Final practical examination

#### References:

- S. Pugalendhi, R. Shalini, J. Gitanjali and P. Subramanian. 2017. Introduction to Renewable Sources of Energy. TNAU, Coimbatore
- G.D. Rai. 2012. Nonconventional Energy Sources. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- C.S. Solanki, 2009. Renewable Energy Technologies: A Practical Guide for Beginners. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- S. Rao and B.B. Parulekar. 2007. Energy Technology: Non-Conventional, Renewable and Conventional. Khanna Publishers, Naisarak, Delhi.
- G.D. Rai. 1993. Solar Energy Utilisation. Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.
- J. F. Manwell, J. G. McGowan and A. L. Rogers. 2009. Wind Energy Explained: Theory, Design and Application. Wiley & Sons Ltd.,